Green Living

The fourth leaflet in a series produced in September-October 2021 by the Green Living groups of Avenue St Andrew's United Reformed Church, Southampton, and its ecumenical partners, from material in *The Dorset Green Living Guide* and current versions of related websites Revised on 15 January 2022

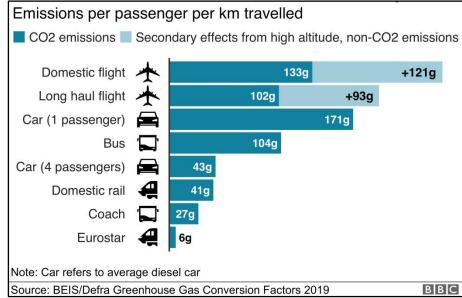
Contact: bernie.collins@thecrocker.net

Transport

Emissions from different modes of transport

Comparing carbon dioxide emissions per passenger per kilometre, these government figures show that a car with one passenger is worse than any other form of transport listed.

However, "The climate effect of non-CO2 emissions from aviation is much greater than the equivalent from other modes of transport, as these non-CO2 greenhouse gases formed at higher altitudes persist for longer than at the surface and also have a stronger warming potential."



Quote and diagram from a BBC news article, 24 August 2019 https://www.bbc.co.uk/news/science-environment-49349566

So how should we get around?

Can we reduce our car use? Can we do less flying? What other steps could we take? Momentum has built up since 2019, and maybe you are already taking action too.

We are not on our own in this. The relevant CoP26 declaration signed on 6 December 2021 by the UK and 37 other governments, many cities and states, automotive manufacturers and fleet owners, investors and others, says, "Together, we will work towards all sales of new cars and vans being zero emission globally by 2040, and by no later than 2035 in leading markets.... Collectively, we commit to supporting a global, equitable and just transition so that no country or community is left behind." (Click the hyperlink if you want to see the declaration page and list of signatories.)



The Dorset Green Living Guide, written in 2019, gave us useful suggestions for our individual actions. These are summarised on page 2 of this leaflet alongside commitments announced by the Prime Minister on 19 October 2021 in Net Zero Strategy: Build Back Greener

(pages 152-53; there is more detail in the rest of the Transport section to page 166).

As you look at the points on page 2, you could consider

- what steps you might take straight away,
- when you could tackle more, and
- how to encourage and support others to take urgent action too.

From The Dorset Green Living Guide with current websites and experience

Related points from the Government's Net Zero Strategy of framework and support

To reduce fuel use in a petrol, diesel or electric vehicle you might be able to develop further the driving habits recommended in these websites: www.rac.co.uk/drive/advice/how-to/fuel-saving-tips www.energysavingtrust.org.uk/advice/efficient-driving



Some other ways to reduce vehicle use are:

Car sharing https://liftshare.com

Walking more www.ramblers.org.uk www.walkingforhealth.org.uk



Cycling www.sustrans.org.uk/national-cycle-network https://www.visit-hampshire.co.uk/dbimgs/Southampton%20Cycling%20Map.pdf

Getting an electric bike

https://www.cyclinguk.org/article/guide-electric-bikes

Using buses https://www.bluestarbus.co.uk/services https://www.firstbus.co.uk/southampton https://www.southampton.gov.uk/travel-transport/applypay/itchen-bridge/smartcities/senior-bus-pass

Going by train www.southwesternrailway.com

• Take action to increase average road vehicle **occupancy** by 2030 and reduce the barriers to data sharing across the transport sector.

- Increase the share of journeys taken by **public** transport, cycling and walking.
- Invest £2 billion in cycling and walking, building first hundreds, then thousands of miles of segregated cycle lane and more low-traffic neighbourhoods with the aim that half of all journeys in towns and cities will be cycled or walked by 2030.
- Support decarbonisation by investing more than £12 billion in local transport systems over the current Parliament.
- Invest £3 billion in the National Bus Strategy, creating integrated networks, more frequent services, and bus lanes to speed journeys, and support delivery of 4,000 new zero emission buses and the infrastructure needed to support them.
- Electrify more railway lines as part of plans to deliver a net zero rail network by 2050, with the ambition to remove all diesel-only trains by 2040.

When choosing an electric vehicle the main thing is the battery size to suit the distance you frequently need to travel, and your budget. For explanation of electric vehicles and impartial advice about how to choose, see

www.fullycharged.show https://electriccarhome.co.uk

- End the sale of new petrol and diesel cars and vans from 2030; from 2035, all new cars and vans must be zero emission at the tailpipe.
- Take forward our pledge to end the sale of all new, non-zero emission road vehicles by 2040, from motorcycles to buses and HGVs, subject to consultation.

Charging facilities are already at many major carparks and supermarkets, and spreading fast. A charger may be fitted at your home if you have off-street parking space.

For information on public charge-points and home chargers to suit your car, home and travel needs, see

https://www.zap-map.com/live https://pod-point.com https://ubitricity.com

- Ensure the UK's charging infrastructure network is reliable, accessible, and meets the demands of all motorists. Later this year, we will publish an EV infrastructure strategy, setting out our vision for infrastructure rollout, and roles for the public and private sectors in achieving it.
- Building on the £1.9 billion from Spending Review 2020, the Government has committed an additional £620 million to support the transition to electric vehicles ... with a particular focus on local on-street residential charging, and targeted plug-in vehicle grants.

Sea and air journeys can be avoided by choosing to have holidays instead in the UK, and by holding meetings and conferences on Zoom or other online platforms.

But some international travel may still be felt necessary, so companies are trying to develop zero carbon fuels and technology.

- Plot a course to net zero for the UK domestic maritime sector ... [and] transform the UK into a global leader in the design and manufacturing of clean maritime technology.
- Become a leader in zero-emission flight, ... [with] sustainable aviation fuels (SAF), ... [mandating] 10% SAF by 2030 ...
- £180m to support development of SAF plants.